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# ANKLE ARTHROSCOPY, DEBRIDEMENT, LOOSE BODY REMOVAL POST-OPERATIVE GUIDELINES

OrthoArizona

Post-Operative Phase 1: Weeks 0 – 2

#### **PRECAUTIONS**

- 50% weight bearing in controlled ankle motion (CAM) boot with crutches/walker
- Remove boot 10-20 times per day for active ankle and subtalar ROM exercises

#### TREATMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

- Swelling management
  - Protect, rest, ice, compression, elevation (PRICE), modalities
- · Gait and stair training
  - Focus on optimal loading
- Low-grade joint mobilizations focusing on the distal tibiofibular, talocrural, and subtalar joints (e.g., posterior talar glides and mobilizations with movement)
- PROM/active assisted range of motion (AAROM)/AROM of the ankle
- Proximal LE and core strengthening, upper extremity (UE) strengthening as needed
- · Low irritability ankle/foot strengthening
  - Isometrics progressing to isotonics
  - Intrinsic strengthening

#### CRITERIA FOR ADVANCEMENT

- · Maximize gait with appropriate assistive device
- Pain and swelling controlled

#### **EMPHASIZE**

- Swelling management
- Optimizing ankle ROM





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Post-Operative Phase 2: Weeks 2 – 6

#### **PRECAUTIONS**

- Weight bearing as tolerated, discontinue CAM boot when gait normalizes
- · Avoid premature return to activity

#### TREATMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

- Gait and stair training Encourage symmetrical gait pattern
- Activities of daily living (ADL) specific training
  - Progressive community ambulation → Heel and toe walking → Descending stairs
- Swelling management Consider compression sleeve
- Joint and soft tissue mobilizations targeting hypomobile structures in functional positions
- PROM/AROM of the ankle Address persisting deficits
- Neuromuscular training
- · Weight bearing balance/proprioception and strengthening
  - Progression from bilateral to unilateral
  - Progression from static to dynamic
  - Sagittal progressing to multidirectional
  - Progression from level ground to compliant surfaces
    - o Multi-directional rockerboard, proprioceptive foam, hemispheric balance trainer
  - Heel rise progression
  - Proximal strengthening and control (focus on core/hip abductors)
  - Kneeling/half kneeling exercises
  - Blood Flow Restriction Therapy (if available), as needed
- Resume cardio activities if not symptomatic
  - Begin with stationary bike, low resistance → elliptical

#### CRITERIA FOR ADVANCEMENT

- · Gait normal without assistive device
- Pain and swelling self-managed as activity increases





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### Post-Operative Phase 3: Weeks 6+

#### TREATMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

- PROM/AROM of the ankle Address persisting deficits in range of motion and joint mobility
- Weight bearing strengthening
  - Heel rise progression
  - Eccentric control
  - Increase load (reintroduce previously symptomatic movements)
  - Endurance training
- Weight bearing balance/proprioception
  - Progress to unilateral and dynamic stabilization
    - o Multi-directional rockerboard, foam, hemispheric balance trainer
    - o Sport specific balance/proprioception
    - Perturbations
    - o Reactionary drills emphasizing directional and speed changes
    - Working into end ranges
- Incorporate instability into progression
- Work on inclines/declines/sport specific terrain
- Loaded squat variations
  - Bilateral → unilateral
- Progress to single leg side planks
- Return to running progression
- Sport specific progression
  - · Plyometrics, agilities, hopping
  - · Deceleration and cutting exercises

#### **CRITERIA FOR DISCHARGE**

- Full ankle PROM and AROM
- 5/5 strength of all muscle groups
  - At least 90% closed chain, heel raise work (height x reps) compared to contralateral side
- SLS ≥ 90% of uninvolved side with minimal foot, hip, or core strategies
- STAR excursion balance test ≥ 90% of uninvolved side
- Ability to perform ≥ 6" step ups/downs with control
- Patient appropriate functional testing (e.g., hop testing vs. 6-minute walk test)
- Return to sport when cleared by MD